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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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| 10/643,602 | 08/19/2003 | Kenneth Schofield | MAG04 P-1087 | 5065 |
| | 7590 10/01/200 GARDNER, LINN & B | EXAMINER | | |
| SUITE 207 | , | CZEKAJ, DAVID J | | |
| GRAND RAPII | VOIX DRIVE, S.E. DS, MI 49546 | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

| Application No. | Applicant(s) | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| 10/643,602 | SCHOFIELD ET AL | CHOFIELD ET AL. | |
| Examiner | Art Unit | | |
| DAVID CZEKAJ | 2621 | | |

| | DAVID CZEKAJ | 2621 | |
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| The MAILING DATE of this communication appe | ars on the cover sheet with the d | correspondence add | ress |
| THE REPLY FILED <u>17 September 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS | S APPLICATION IN CONDITION F | OR ALLOWANCE. | |
| The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following r application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: | the same day as filing a Notice of <i>i</i> eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavial (with appeal fee) in compliance | Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or | hich places the (3) a Request |
| a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire late Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f) | dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE | g date of the final rejection | n. |
| Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extruder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL | on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origi | of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic | ate extension fee e action; or (2) as |
| The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi AMENDMENTS | sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to | avoid dismissal of the | |
| AMENDMENTS 3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b | out prior to the date of filing a brief, | will not be entered be | cause |
| (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below | • | ΓE below); | |
| (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett | • | ducing or simplifying th | ne issues for |
| appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c | orresponding number of finally reje | ected claims. | |
| NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). | , , | | |
| 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): | | mpliant Amendment (I | PTOL-324). |
| 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allow | • | timely filed amendmer | t canceling the |
| non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: | | l be entered and an ex | xplanation of |
| Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>50-52,56,58,62,67 and 92-109</u> . | | | |
| Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE | | | |
| The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). | | | |
| The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary | vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea | al and/or appellant fails | s to provide a |
| 10. | n of the status of the claims after er | ntry is below or attach | ed. |
| 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet. | does NOT place the application in | condition for allowan | ce because: |
| 12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. Other: | PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s) | | |
| | /Dave Czekaj/ Primary Examiner, Art U | nit 2621 | |
| | | | |

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: On pages 2-5, applicant argues that the combination of Secor, Fukuhara, and Choi fail to disclose an image processor that produces a synthesized image by pixel group compensation, image morphing or image warping compensation, cameras with overlapping fields of view, and producing synthesized image on a single display screen that is viewable by a driver of the vehicle. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. See for example Secor figures 2 and 4. There Secor illustrates a first camera 22 which will have an overlapping field of view with camera 34. While camera 34 is pointed in a sidewardly direction, cameras 22 and 34 will still have overlapping fields of view. Fukuhara illustrates in figures 4 and 8, a synthesizing circuit to produce a synthesized output from the images received from the cameras 22 and 23. Since the synthesized output produces a single display from multiple cameras, as seen in figure 8, pixel group compensation, image morphing, or image warping must be performed. Choi illustrates in figure 4, a single display screen viewable by a driver. Hence, the combination of Secor, Fukuhara, and Choi disclose the limitations as claimed. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.

On page 4, applicant argues that there is no motivation to combine Choi with Fukuhara and Secor. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. Choi illustrates in figure 1, a vehicle camera processing system with a subsequent display. Since all references are within the same field of endeavor (vehicle camera processing systems), and proper motivation has been stated as found in the prior art references, the combination is deemed proper. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.

On page 4, applicant argues that Secor teaches away from the present invention. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. As seen in the above arguments, Secor discloses cameras with overlapping fields of view. Furthermore, under KSR, all the elements are known, could have been combined without any change of function, and would give predictable results. Thus, this is simply a modification of equivalent parts, not a teaching away. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.

On pages 5-7, applicant argues that Secor, Fukuhara, and Choi teach away from a vision system. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. As indicated in the above arguments, the combination of Secor, Fukuhara, and Choi teach a vehicle image system. Hence, the combination does not teach away from the instant application. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.

On page 13, applicant argues that Tuck teaches away from the present invention. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. While Tuck illustrates multiple displays in figure 4, Tuck discloses in column 4, lines 55-67, that the operator will view the scene as being from a single wide angle view. Hence, the multiple displays function as a single display unit. Furthermore, under KSR, all the elements are known, could have been combined without any change of function, and would give predictable results. Thus, this is simply a modification of equivalent parts, not a teaching away. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.

On page 16, applicant argues that Kishi fails to disclose a graphic overlay that enhances the drivers understanding of what is in the area adjacent the vehicle enabled when the vehicle's gear is selected to be in reverse. While the applicant's points are understood, the examiner respectfully disagrees. See for example Kishi column 1, lines 20-29. There Kishi discloses that when a switch is activated (such as a switch to reverse), displaying an overlay comprising a distance display line to provide depth perception of the rear of the vehicle. Since the information is indicative of the rear of the vehicle, the examiner notes the switch must be done when the car is in reverse. Furthermore, the distance information provided via the overlay would enhance the drivers understanding of the area to the rear of the vehicle. Therefore the rejection has been maintained.